## Reporting an infectious disease designated by the School Health and Safety Act

## 1. Club activities and infectious diseases

In order for club activities to continue while avoiding mass infection, it is essential that each member is aware of when he or she poses a risk of infecting others and acts accordingly. It is also important to verify that an outbreak of infection has occurred among the members as soon as possible. As a guide, if two or more members of the same club are suffering from an infection at around the same time (within 2 to 3 days for influenza, based on its usual incubation period), there is a high possibility of an outbreak of infection among club members and it will be necessary to put measures in place to prevent the spread of infection.

## 2. If mass infection is suspected

If two or more members are suffering from an infection at around the same time (within 2 to 3 days in the case of influenza and COVID-19):

- The persons in charge of the club should promptly report this to and consult with the Health Center at the relevant campus, and receive advice regarding future club activities.
- Instruct club members to check their physical condition and direct anyone who is unwell not to attend group activities and to see a doctor immediately.
- Instruct anyone who has been infected to submit the "Permission of Return to Campus (students)" form to the Health Center.

Download from: http://www.hcc.keio.ac.jp/en/infection/report.html

• Please also immediately report outbreaks of infection at camps, student dormitories, swimming pools, or training grounds to the facility managers (management company, etc.).

Type1	Ebola hemorrhagic fever, Crimean-Congo hemorrhagic fever, South American hemorrhagic fever, Bubonic plague, Marburg disease, Lassa fever, Poliomyelitis, Diphtheria, SARS: Severe acute respiratory syndrome, MERS: Middle East respiratory syndrome, Avian influenza
Type2	Influenza (excluding Avian influenza), Whooping cough, Measles, Rubella, Mumps, Chicken pox, Pharyngoconjunctival fever, COVID-19, Tuberculosis
Туре3	Cholera, Shigellosis, Enterohemorrhagic E. coli infection (0157) , Typhoid fever, Paratyphoid, Epidemic keratoconjunctivitis, Acute hemorrhagic conjunctivitis, Other contagious disease